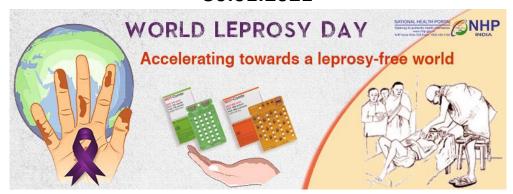
World Leprosy Day 30.01.2021



World Leprosy Day is observed on the last Sunday of January every year. This enhances our continuous effort to eliminate/eradicate this debilitating disease at the earliest from India. According to WHO, India has the highest number of leprosy cases on the world- 120,334 (2017-18).

What is Leprosy (Hansen's Disease)?

- Leprosy is a chronic infectious disease caused by a bacillus, Mycobacterium leprae (M. Laprae).
- The disease affects our skin, nerves, upper respiratory tract and eyes.



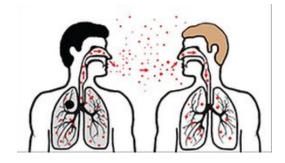
How Does Leprosy Spread?

Droplets from nose / mouth of an infected person (while coughing or sneezing) if the person is not on treatment



Bacteria enters the healthy body through respiratory tract





Bacteria spreads to the skin and nerves. If left untreated, this may lead to permanent disability



Symptoms of Leprosy:

- Patches on skin and loss or decrease of sensation in the skin patches
- Numbness or tingling in hand or feet
- · Weakness of hands, feet or eyelids
- Swelling or lumps in the face or earlobes
- Painless wounds on hands or feet.



What to do if symptoms appear?

- Do not ignore the symptoms, early diagnosis is essential for complete recovery
- Visit nearest health centre or dispensary
- > Free treatment of Leprosy is available at govt. health facilities.



Take Away Message:

- ✓ Leprosy is curable with MDT (multi drug therapy) which, if taken regularly, ensures complete cure of leprosy, prevents deformities and stops transmission to other individuals.
- ✓ Leprosy is not hereditary; it does not transmit from parents to children.
- ✓ Leprosy does not spread through causal touch like shaking hands or playing together or working in same office.
- ✓ Leprosy is not the result of past sins or immoral behaviour. It is caused by a bacterium called Mycobacterium leprae.
- ✓ Please give due to respect to the persons affected with Leprosy so that they live a dignified life in our society.

